Table 1. Delineate Basins and Identify Receiving Waters.

	Basin Identification		Basin Area		Receiving Waters					Basin Jurisdiction Control			
Metric/ Basin	City 2020 Comprehensive Plan Basin Name	SMAP Basin Name	Area (square miles)	Area (acres)	Streams	Stream Type	Lakes	Marine	Discharge to Receiving Waters: Yes/No	In City (acres)	Percent In City	Percent in City MUGA ³	Percent in City + MUGA
	Hall Creek Basin	Hall Creek-Ballinger Basin	8.25	5,283	Hall Creek, McAleer Creek	F = Fish	Lake Ballinger, Hall Lake, Echo Lake, Chase Lake	Puget Sound	Yes	819	15.5%	0.0%	15.5%
	Lund's Gulch Creek Basin	Lund's Gulch Creek Basin	2.46	1,576	Lund's Gulch Creek	F = Fish	None	Puget Sound	Yes	242	15.4%	73.8%	89.1%
	Meadowdale Pond Basin	Meadowdale Pond Basin	0.44	284	None	Unknown	None	None	No - Drains to Meadowdale Facility only	261	91.8%	0.0%	91.8%
	Perrinville Creek Basin	Perrinville Creek Basin	1.33	849	Perrinville Creek	F = Fish	None	Puget Sound	Yes	474	55.8%	0.0%	55.8%
	Puget Sound Basin	Puget Sound Basin	0.87	556	Stilthouse Creek, Terrace Creek, Outfall Creek	F = Fish	None	Puget Sound	Yes	74	13.2%	0.0%	13.2%
	Scriber Creek Basin Aggregate	Includes Poplar, Golde, and Scriber Creek Basins	6.28	4,021	See below three basins within Scriber Creek Basin Aggregate	See below three basins within Scriber Creek Basin Aggregate	See below three basins within Scriber Creek Basin Aggregate	See below three basins within Scriber Creek Basin Aggregate	See below three basins within Scriber Creek Basin Aggregate	2,717	67.6%	15.2%	82.8%
	Poplar Creek Basin	Poplar Creek Basin	0.37	234	Poplar Creek	F = Fish	Lake Washington	Puget Sound	Yes	127	54.4%	43.4%	97.9%
	Golde Creek Basin	Golde Creek Basin	1.37	875	Golde Creek	F = Fish	Lake Washington	Puget Sound	Yes	393	44.9%	45.8%	90.7%
	Scriber Creek Basin	Scriber Creek Basin	4.55	2,912	Scriber Creek, Leech Creek, Park-N- Ride Creek, Off-Ramp Creek	F = Fish	Scriber Lake, Lake Washington	Puget Sound	Yes	2,197	75.4%	3.7%	79.2%
	Swamp Creek Aggregate	Includes Swamp and Tunnel Creek Basins	15.59	9,975	See below two basins within Swamp Creek Basin Aggregate	See below two basins within Swamp Creek Basin Aggregate	See below two basins within Swamp Creek Basin Aggregate	See below two basins within Swamp Creek Basin Aggregate	See below two basins within Swamp Creek Basin Aggregate	444	4.5%	23.6%	28.1%
	Swamp Creek Basin	Swamp Creek Basin	15.10	9,667	Swamp Creek, Little Swamp Creek, Blueberry Creek, Crystal Creek, Box Springs Creek, Ash Way Creek, Alder Creek, Dogwood Creek, I-5 Creek	¹ F = Fish, S = Shoreline	Stickney Lake, Lake Washington	Puget Sound	Yes	154	1.6%	24.2%	25.8%
	Tunnel Creek Basin	Tunnel Creek Basin	0.48	308	Tunnel Creek, Maple 525 Creek	² Unknown, F = Fish	Lake Washington	Puget Sound	Yes	289	94.0%	6.3%	100.0%
Data Source	King County topographi topographic basins; City Lynnwood stormwater s	ic basins; Snohomish County y of Edmonds basin delineation; system mapping			City of Lynnwood GIS mapping: streams, DNR Streams	DNR Streams				Lynnwood City Limits from Snohomish County	Lynnwood City Limits from Snohomish County	³ Lynnwood Municipal Urban Growth Area	
Notes	Includes all areas with City MS4 influence	Revisions from the 2020 Comprehensive Plan delineation were made to align with updated stormwater pipe data. See Figure 1 map for watershed boundaries.	1-20 sq miles is target basin size	400-600 acres is target catchment size	Major stream listed first, followed by minor streams Some names filled in via reference from WDFW fish barriers: Little Swamp Creek, Blueberry Creek, Crystal Creek, Box Springs Creek	Stream type of the major stream. ¹ Swamp Creek - north portion is F, south portion is S ² Tunnel Creek - Tunnel is Unknown, but Maple 525 main stem listed as F.				Exclude Urban Growth Area, County, and neighboring cities			

WDFW=Washington State

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Water Quality ESA Listed Salmon **Bioassessment Score** 303(d) Listed Water Bodies **Other Water Quality Information** Units Benthic Index **Ecology Water Clean** of Biotic Dissolve Metals Sediment Chinook, Up Plan (Total Water Flow Integrity Year Temper-Phos-Lake Health Water Flow Export Export Steelhead -Docume d Metric/Basin Bacteria Maximum Daily Load) (B-IBI) Sampled Oxygen ature phorus Assessment Importance Degradatior Potential Potential Yes/No Presend Hall Creek-Ballinger 50.2 - Fair 2018 No listing No listing Hall Creek, No listing Lake Ballinger -High Low Yes Coho Lake Ballinger- Fair High Low Basin (McAleer Lake Phosphorus Fall Chinook ²Echo Lake - Good Creek) Ballinger, Sockeve ³Hall Lake - Poor Winter Steelhe McAleer Resident Cutt Creek No listing No listing No listing Lund's Gulch Creek Lower Creek 2016 No listing None Not applicable High Moderate Low Moderate No Resident Cutt 38.9-Poor 2015 Basin Upper Creek 1.6 - Verv Poor Meadowdale Pond No Data Not No listing No listing No listing No listing None Not applicable Low Moderate Moderate Moderate No None Applicable High High <u>Basin</u> Perrinville Creek Basin 18.8 - Very 2013 No listing No listing No listing No listing None Not applicable Low Moderate Moderate Moderate No Resident Cutt High High Poor No data Puget Sound Basin Not No listing No listing No listing No listing None Not applicable Moderate Moderate Moderate High No None Applicable See below See below Scriber Basin See below See below See See No listing Scriber Swamp Creek - Fecal Not applicable Moderate High High Moderate Aggregate: includes Coliform below below Lake Poplar, Golde, and Scriber Creek Basins Poplar Creek Basin No data Not No listing No listing No listing None Not applicable Moderate High High Moderate No Resident Cutt Applicable Golde Creek Basin 2.7- Very Poor 2003 No listing No listing None Not applicable Golde Golde Moderate High High Moderate No None Creek Creek Scriber Creek Basin 30.8-Poor 2013 No listing No listing None No listing No listing ¹Scriber Lake - Poor Moderate High High Moderate No Coho Fall Chinook Resident Cutt Swamp Creek Basin 51.9-Fair No listing No listing Swamp Creek - Fecal 2015 Swamp Swamp Moderate Moderate See below See below Lake Stickney - Good Low Low Aggregate: includes Creek Creek Coliform High High Swamp and Tunnel Creek Basins Not applicable Yes Coho; Fall Ch Swamp Creek Basin No data Not No listing No listing No listing See above Low Moderate Moderate Low Applicable Sockeye; High High Resident Cutt Winter Steelhe Kokanee Tunnel Creek Basin No data No listing No listing No listing See above Not applicable Moderate Not Low Moderate Low No None Applicable High High Data source Puget Sound Benthos Washington State Department of Ecology Washington State Puget Sound Watershed Characterization Statewide Integrated Fish D ¹2019-2020 Database Water Quality Assessment 303(d) List Department of Ecology https://ecology.wa.gov/Water-Shorelines/Pugetand Washington Departmer Snohomish County Lakes Program, ²2016 Sound/Watershed-characterization-project https://pugetsoundstreambe 2014. Water Clean Up Projects nthos.org/ https://apps.ecology.wa.gov/ApprovedWQA Directory Snohomish County ttps://fortress.wa.gov/e ApprovedPages/ApprovedSearch.aspx _akes Report, Excellent (80-100), Good (60 cy/ezshare/wq/WaterQu ³2018 Montlake 80), Fair (40-60), Poor (20alityImprovement/TMDL Ferrace Lake Report 40), Very Poor (<20) projectdirectory.htm#S Shading denotes presence of water quality or modeling data

Table 2. Assess Receiving Water Conditions.

	Water Resource Uses								
Salmo	nids and Resident	Fish Use							
nted ce	Accessible, No Presence Documented Rearing		Spawn- ing	Public Contact Recreation Areas	Water Supply: Acres in Wellhead Protection Area	Presence of Fish Hatchery			
ead hroat	Not Applicable	Coho	Sockeye Coho Fall Chinook	Lake Ballinger Park Beach (swimming); Lake Ballinger Boat Launch; Echo Lake Boat Launch	206.95	Hall Lake - remote site incubator; McAleer Creek Project - remote site incubator; Lake Ballinger Project - Boeing Creek			
hroat	Not Applicable	Coho	None	Lund's Gulch Park	0.21	None			
	None	None	None	Meadowdale Playfields	0	None			
hroat	Coho	None	None	None	0	None			
	None	None	None	None	0	None			
	See below	See below	See below	See below	211.75	None			
hroat	Fall Chinook; Coho; Sockeye; Winter Steelhead	None	None	None	13.01	None			
	Fall Chinook; Coho; Winter Steelhead; Sockeye	None	None	None	67.15	None			
hroat	Sockeye Winter Steelhead	None	Coho	Scriber Lake Park	131.59	None			
	See below	See below	See below	See below	664.46	None			
inook; hroat; ead;	Not Applicable	Coho	Coho Fall Chinook Sockeye	Stickney Lake Park Lake Stickney Boat Ramp	429.15	None			
	Fall Chinook	None	None	None	235.31	None			
Distribution nt of Fish	on (Northwest Indiar and Wildlife) https:	h Fisheries Con //geo.nwifc.org/	nmission /swifd/		Washington State Department of Health Source Water Assessment Program Mapping Tool https://doh.wa.gov/commun ity-and- environment/drinking- water/source-water/gis- mapping-tool	SalmonScape https://apps.wdfw.wa.g ov/salmonscape/map. html			

		Existing Landscape Condition						Future Development					
Category	Basin Total Impervious Area			Roa	ds		Higher Pollutant Road Crossings Generating Lands Fish Passage Barriers Riparian Buffer			Riparian Buffer Condition	Stormwater Infrastructure	Redevelopment	Population Growth
Metric	Percent Basin Impervious	Road Length (feet)	Road Density (linear feet per acre)	% Total Road Length within City	% Basin within City	Highways Crossing through Basin	Percent of Basin Commercial or Industrial Land Use	Number of Mapped Fish Barriers in Basin	Percent Stream Accessible from Mouth of First Barrier	Percent Canopy Cover in Riparian Buffer	Linear Feet of City MS4 Pipe	Percent of Basin Redevelopable	Areas with Higher Projected Population Growth Greater than 1.25%
Metric Scale	Basin wide	Basin wide	Basin wide	City	City	Basin wide	City	Basin wide	Basin wide	Basin wide	City	Basin wide	Basin wide
Hall Creek-Ballinger Basin	50%	725,303.2	137	14	15.5%	I-5, SR-524, SR-104, SR-522, SR-99	33.31%	28	McAleer Creek - 47.91%	36.8%	139,115	12.77%	17.22%
Lund's Gulch Creek Basin	38%	155,059.2	98	22	15.4%	SR-99	8.44%	6	Lund's Gulch Creek - barrier at mouth	79.4%	34,697	10.31%	61.86%
Meadowdale Pond Basin	48%	35,381.4	125	92	91.8%	N/A	0.54%	0	Not applicable	42.0%	39,683	4.00%	10.30%
Perrinville Creek Basin	43%	114,139.7	134	62	55.8%	SR-524	6.92%	2	Perrinville Creek - barrier at mouth	26.3%	73,653	5.54%	0.00%
Puget Sound Basin	28%	58,786.7	106	8	13.2%	N/A	0.00%	3	Stilthouse Creek - no barrier Terrace Creek - no barrier Outfall Creek - barrier at mouth	75.1%	4,256	1.82%	1.00%
Scriber Basin Aggregate: includes Poplar, Golde, and Scriber Creek Basins	57%	471,079.6	117	70	67.6%	I-5, SR-524, SR-99	36.15%	34	See below three basins within Scriber Creek Basin Aggregate	46.4%	467,693	10.86%	49.33%
Poplar Creek Basin	63%	37,815.3	162	59	54.4%	I-5, SR-524	67.95%	7	Poplar Creek - 15.96%	30.4%	27,030	6.35%	79.98%
Golde Creek Basin	61%	102,366.2	117	46	44.9%	I-5, SR-524	79.54%	7	Golde Creek - 49.21%	46.8%	81,341	10.55%	79.95%
Scriber Creek Basin	55%	330,898.1	114	79	75.4%	I-5, SR-524, SR-99	26.55%	20	Scriber Creek - 37.17%	47.5%	359,322	11.31%	37.66%
Swamp Creek Basin Aggregate: includes Swamp and Tunnel Creek Basins	42%	1,082,297.2	109	6	4.5%	I-5, SR-524, SR-522, I-405, SR-99, SR-525	31.33%	98	See below two basins within Swamp Creek Basin Aggregate	57.7%	79,770	11.44%	72.69%
Swamp Creek Basin	42%	1,039,142.7	108	3	1.6%	I-5, SR-524, SR-522, I-405, SR-99, SR-525	16.40%	81	Swamp Creek - no barrier (possible barriers, but none confirmed)* Little Swamp Creek - 44.76%; Blueberry Creek - 54.27%; Crystal Creek - 47.89%; Box Springs Creek - 21.46%	58.5%	20,583	12.06%	72.99%
Tunnel Creek Basin	57%	43,154.6	140	85	94.0%	SR-525	39.30%	17	Maple 525 Creek - barrier at mouth	33.7%	59,187	5.02%	63.60%
Data Sources	MRLC 2019 Impervious	Snohomish County Roads, King County Roads	Snohomish County Roads, King County Roads	Snohomish County Roads	From Table 1	Washington State Department of Transportation Highway Mapping	City of Lynwood Zoning data	Washington State Fish Barriers Inventory https://geodataser vices.wdfw.wa.gov /hp/fishpassage/in dex.html	This is the percent of the stream length available from the mouth to the first barrier. The score is modified, as described below based on whether the first barrier is Full, Partial, or there are no barriers at all on the stream (SS1). Barriers used in calculation include the following WDFW Types: Total Fish Passage Block, Partial Fish Passage Block, Natural Barrier, BarrierUnknownPercPass	Lynnwood GIS streams, wetlands, waterbodies; Washington State Department of Fish and Wildlife Canopy Layer for Snohomish County. Calculation method: - Intersect Canopy, Riparian Buffer and Basins; - Dissolve by Basin OR aggregate via pivot table; - Per basin, divide area of canopy by riparian buffer area to get canopy percentage in riparian	City of Lynnwood GIS Stormwater Mapping	Snohomish County 2021 Buildable Lands Report https://snohomishcount ywa.gov/1352/Buildabl e-Lands	ESRI 2021-2026 USA Population Growth (Block Group Scale)

Table 3. Assess Stormwater Management Influence.

Table 4. Analysis of Overburdened Communities.

	Sensitive Populations	Environmental Exposures	Environmental Effects	Socioeconomic Factors	Population Burden Score	Population Characteristics Score	Combined Environmental Health Disparities Rank
Metric Scale	City	City	City	City	City	City	City
Hall Creek-Ballinger Basin	3.9	6.1	3.4	8.5	11.1	6.2	5.7
Lund's Gulch Creek Basin	3.2	2.8	1.1	4.3	2.5	3.8	3.4
Meadowdale Pond Basin	2.7	2.5	1.2	4.8	2.9	3.7	3.4
Perrinville Creek Basin	1.7	4.0	3.2	6.2	8.5	3.9	3.5
Puget Sound Basin	3.1	1.3	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.8	1.4
Scriber Basin Aggregate: includes							
Poplar, Golde, and Scriber Creek							
Basins	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Poplar Creek Basin	1.4	1.4	0.5	2.0	1.5	1.7	1.6
Golde Creek Basin	5.1	6.3	1.1	7.4	3.8	6.2	5.7
Scriber Creek Basin	5.7	5.7	2.5	7.1	8.3	6.4	6.2
Swamp Creek Basin Aggregate:							
includes Swamp and Tunnel Creek							
Basins	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Swamp Creek Basin	8.0	7.0	1.0	7.0	3.8	7.5	7.0
Tunnel Creek Basin	7.4	6.4	1.3	7.0	4.3	7.2	6.7
Metric Description	This category includes indicators related to intrinsic and extrinsic vulnerabilities in communities that can modify the environmental risk factors. Indicators in this theme relate to biological susceptibility. People with pre-existing cardiovascular disease or low-birth-weight infants may be more vulnerable to environmental risk factors.	Environmental exposure refers to how a person comes into contact with an environmental hazard. Examples of exposure include breathing air, eating food, drinking water or living near to where environmental hazards are released or are concentrated.	Environmental effect refers to adverse environmental quality generally, even when population contact with an environmental hazard is unknown or uncertain.	This category includes indicators related to intrinsic and extrinsic vulnerabilities in communities that can modify the environmental risk factors.	Composite score of Sensitive Populations and Socioeconomic Factors.	Composite score of Environmental Exposure and Environmental Effects with a 0.5 multiplier for Environmental Effects.	Composite score of evaluating threat to and vulnerability of populations.
Data Sources	WA Environmental Health Disparities Map	WA Environmental Health Disparities Map	WA Environmental Health Disparities Map	WA Environmental Health Disparities Map	WA Environmental Health Disparities Map	WA Environmental Health Disparities Map	WA Environmental Health Disparities Map
Purpose	Indicators in this theme relate to biological susceptibility. People with pre-existing cardiovascular disease or low-birth-weight infants may be more vulnerable to environmental risk factors.	Indicators in the environmental exposures theme use data from measured environmental concentrations and releases of contaminants from pollution sources as a way to quantify pollution burden from exposure to pollutants.	Indicators in the environmental effects theme illustrate the potential risk of the environmental hazard on communities nearby. However, as proximity to a potential exposure does not necessarily reflect actual exposure.	Indicators in this theme are often found to be associated with environmental justice conditions, such as poverty or unemployment, which modify the effects of environmental exposures on health.			Composite score evaluating threat to and vulnerability of populations
Note	Higher numbers indicate greater <u>vulnerability</u> of populations within the watershed.	Higher numbers indicate higher <u>threat</u> from environmental exposures.	Higher numbers indicate higher threat from environmental exposures.	Higher numbers indicate greater <u>vulnerability</u> of populations within the watershed.	Higher numbers indicate greater <u>vulnerability</u> of populations within the watershed.	Higher numbers indicate greater <u>vulnerability</u> of populations within the watershed.	Higher numbers indicate higher threat from environmental exposures.

Percent Percent Candidate for SMAP Total Acres in **Stormwater Management Influence Prioritization?** Basin in City Basin City Rationale Hall Creek-Ballinger Basin 5.283 845 >49% basin impervious surface, and 50% 16% High Yes 16% City control Between 20 and 49% basin impervious Lund's Gulch Creek Basin 38% 16% 1,576 252 Yes Moderate surface: 16% City control 48% 92% 284 261 Does not discharge to stream, lake or Meadowdale Pond Basin No Low marine nearshore Between 20 and 49% basin impervious 43% 56% 849 475 Perrinville Creek Basin Moderate Yes surface; 56% City control Puget Sound Basin 28% 13% 556 72 Low No Less than 100 acre basin area within Citv 2,694 High >49% basin impervious surface, and Scriber Basin Aggregate: 57% 67% 4.021 Yes includes Poplar, Golde, and 67% City control Scriber Creek Basins >49% basin impervious surface, and 234 126 Poplar Creek Basin 63% 54% High Yes 54% Citv control Golde Creek Basin 61% 45% 875 394 High Yes >49% basin impervious surface, and 45% City control

High

Low

Low

Hiah

Table 5. Stormwater Management Influence and SMAP Prioritization Candidate Basins.

94% City control¹ Low: Does not discharge to stream, lake or All basins with moderate or ¹Tunnel Creek Basin is within the marine nearshore; or <5% Jurisdiction high Stormwater Management Swamp Creek Aggregate Basin, it will control; or less than 100 acres basin area in Influence ratings will be be moved forward to prioritization due City control retained for the prioritization to potential influence downstream and Moderate: Impervious area is >20% and phase high jurisdiction control. <49% **High:** impervious area is > 50%

Yes

No

No

Yes

55%

42%

42%

57%

75%

4%

2%

94%

2,912

9,975

9,667

308

2,184

399

193

290

Scriber Creek Basin

Swamp Creek Basin

Swamp Creek Basin

Tunnel Creek Basin

Aggregate: includes Swamp and Tunnel Creek Basins

>49% basin impervious surface, and

>49% basin impervious surface, and

75% City control

<5% City basin control

<5% City basin control

	Major		
	Stormwater	Management Goal: Restoration,	
	Impacts	Conservation, Protection, Development	City Plans or Projects
Hall Creek-Ballinger	Pollutants and	Restoration	Street Edge Runoff Treatment Retrofits in the Hall Lake Basin
Basin	Erosive Flows		Hall Creek Enhancement Study-2024
Lund's Gulch Creek	Pollutants and	Restoration	No projects identified
Basin	Erosive Flows		
Meadowdale Pond	Pollutants and	Development	No projects identified
Basin	Erosive Flows		
Perrinville Creek Basin	Pollutants and	Restoration	2015 Perrinville Creek Stormwater Flow Reduction Retrofit Study
	Erosive Flows		Blue Ridge Pond Storage Improvement
			Pipe Detention 74th Ave W. Storage Improvement
			Pipe Detention 196th St. SW Storage Improvement
			Copper Ridge Pond Storage Improvement
Puget Sound Basin	Pollutants and	Development	No projects identified
5	Erosive Flows		
Scriber Basin	Pollutants and	Restoration	Projects identified by basin, see below
Aggregate: includes	Erosive Flows		
Poplar, Golde, and			
Poplar Creek Basin	Pollutants and	Development	No projects identified
	Erosive Flows		
Golde Creek Basin	Pollutants and	Development	Golde Creek Stormwater Pond Retrofit
	Erosive Flows		
Scriber Creek Basin	Pollutants and	Restoration	2016 Scriber Creek Corridor Management Plan
	Erosive Flows		Small Bern Installment, Upper Creek
			North of 188th St. SW Off-channel Storage
			188th Street SW Flood Wall
			189th St. SW Culvert Replacement
			190th St. SW Culvert Replacement
			191st St. SW Culvert Replacement
			Parkview Plaza Culvert Replacement
			Scriber Creek Culvert Replacement at Casa Del Rey
			Raising Old 196th Street SW
			Scriber Lake Inlet Improvements
			Scriber Lake Management Plan
			180th St. SW Bioretention Swale

Table 6. Stormwater Impacts, Management Goals and Existing Plans or Projects.

Table 6. Stormwater Impacts, Management Goals and Existing Plans or Projects.

	Major		
	Stormwater	Management Goal: Restoration,	
	Impacts	Conservation, Protection, Development	City Plans or Projects
Swamp Creek Basin	Pollutants and	Restoration	Projects identified by basin, see below
Aggregate: includes	Erosive Flows		
Swamp and Tunnel			
Creek Basins			
Swamp Creek Basin	Pollutants and	Restoration	2018 Maple Road & Ash Way Intersection and Drainage
	Erosive Flows		Improvements project
Tunnel Creek Basin	Pollutants and	Development	No projects identified
	Erosive Flows		
		Classification based upon guidance "Building Cities in the Rain", Chapter	Resources:
		4.https://www.ezview.wa.gov/site/alias_1780/34828/default.aspx	Tetra Tech. 2015. Perrinville Creek Stormwater Flow Reduction
		Restoration=High level of importance/high level degradation	Retrofit Study. Prepared for City of Edmonds. Tetra Tech,
			Seattle, Washington. 2015. Note: List of projects identified in the
		Protection=High level of importance/low level of degradation	City of Lynnwood.
			Herrera. 2020. City of Lynnwood Surface Water Management
		Conservation=Low level of importance/low level of degradation	2020 Comprehensive Plan. Prepared for City of Lynnwood.
			Herrera, Inc. Seattle, Washington. 2020.
		Development=Low level of importance/high level of degradation	